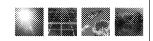




Water Quality Standards Regulation (9 VAC 25-260) Rulemaking: Bacteria, Ammonia, Cadmium, Human Health Criteria

Department of Environmental Quality
Regulatory Advisory Panel Meeting #2
May 9, 2016
DEQ – Piedmont Regional Office

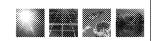




Agenda:

- Introductions
- Ammonia Criteria
 - > Issues & Implementation Options
 - > Discussion
- Cadmium
 - > Discussion
- Wrap-Up





Ammonia Criteria

Issues Raised in Comments	Options to Address
Capital and operating costs for compliance	• State financial assistance
Relationship to other current or future nutrient criteria; coordinate multiple program issues	 Phased retrofits Integrate design to also cover freshwater nutrient criteria or revised Ches Bay waste load allocations
Bring VPDES compliance schedule requirements in line with EPA's regulations	Extended compliance schedulesVariance(s)





Ammonia Implementation Options

- Compliance schedules
 - Currently, within the permit duration (5 years)
 - Federal NPDES Regs doesn't specify other than 'soon as possible'
- Variances
 - likely based on "widespread social and economic impact"





Options for Compliance Schedule Modifications

- If consensus can be reached, a secondary action could propose amending the VPDES Permit Regulation to delete current "length of permit" restriction
 - Pros?
 - > Cons?
- If preference is to amend WQ Standards Regulation, what language to propose
 - Specific to ammonia; controls in lieu of VPDES Reg?
 - Include factors to consider when setting schedules?

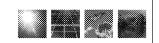




Other Relief that May Apply

- Recalculation of criteria mussels absent
- Calculation of site-specific discharge limits (pH and temperature dependent)
- Others??





EPA's Updated Water Quality Criteria for Cadmium

Freshwater Criterion	Acute	Chronic
	ug/L at hardness 100	ug/L at hardness 100
Virginia (1984)	3.9	1.1
EPA (2001)	2.0	0.25
EPA (2016)	1.8	0.72





Updated Criteria for Cadmium: With and without extra protection for rainbow trout

Criterion	Acute	Chronic
	ug/L at hardness 100	ug/L at hardness 100
EPA (2016) ; criterion lowered to protect rainbow trout	1.8	0.25
EPA (2016) ; criterion NOT lowered to protect rainbow trout	2.7	0.25 (no change to chronic)

Using standard, "normal" methods of calculating an acute criterion, the updated acute criterion would be 2.7 ug/L at a hardness of 100. The rainbow trout EPA recommends lowering the acute criterion to 1.8 ug/L to protect the more sensitive rainbow trout because of its recreational importance





EPA's Updated Water Quality Criteria for Cadmium (Estuarine)

Estuarine Criterion	Acute (ug/L)	Chronic (ug/L)
Virginia	40	8.8
EPA 2016	33	7.9

